MEMORIAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (AKA TIRZ 17 REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Memorial City Redevelopment Authority City of Houston, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Memorial City Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the City of Houston, Texas, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently know information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Board of Directors Memorial City Redevelopment Authority

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the City of Houston, Texas and other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

McColl Gibson Swedland Borfoot PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC Certified Public Accountants

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Houston, Texas

September 27, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Management's discussion and analysis of Memorial City Redevelopment Authority's, aka TIRZ 17 Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority") financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the Statement of Net Position, the Authority's liabilities exceeded its assets by \$23,722,792 (net position) for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- The Authority anticipates that with continued development in the area, the Tax Increment Revenues will be sufficient to cover operating costs, project costs and debt service of the Authority.
- The Authority's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$31,997,545 this year. This compares to the prior year fund balance of \$34,032,783, showing an decrease of \$2,035,238 during the current fiscal year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide portion of these statements provides both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The first of the government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Net Position is the Authority-wide statement of its financial position presenting information that includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall financial health of the Authority would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the Authority's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority has three governmental funds types. The General Fund is the operating fund of the Authority, the Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the Authority's long-term debt, and the Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital project acquisition and or construction.

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the Authority's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the Authority and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI"). A budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for all governmental funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. In the case of the Authority, liabilities exceeded assets by \$23,722,792 as of June 30, 2022.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021:

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position				
	2022	2021	Variance Positive (Negative)		
ASSETS:					
Current and Other Assets	\$ 34,454,444	\$ 36,688,263	\$ (2,233,819)		
Land	6,971,378	6,971,378	-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 41,425,822	\$ 43,659,641	\$ (2,233,819)		
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities	\$ 8,492,229	\$ 8,441,760	\$ (50,469)		
Long-term Liabilities	56,656,385	68,358,759	11,702,374		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 65,148,614	\$ 76,800,519	\$ 11,651,905		
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,971,378	\$ 6,971,378	\$ -		
Restricted	12,426,839	19,073,657	(6,646,818)		
Unrestricted	(43,121,009)	(59,185,913)	16,064,904		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (23,722,792)	\$ (33,140,878)	\$ 9,418,086		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021.

	Summary of C	hange	s in the Stateme	ent of A	ctivities
	 -				Variance
					Positive
	 2022		2021	(Negative)
Revenues:			_		_
Tax Increment	\$ 17,334,501	\$	18,148,263	\$	(813,762)
Interest and Others	39,314		26,362		12,952
Total revenues	\$ 17,373,815	\$	18,174,625	\$	(800,810)
Expenses:					
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 102,000	\$	102,000	\$	
Professional Services	113,097		152,433		39,336
Contracted Services	16,043		15,781		(262)
Other	9,970		3,953		(6,017)
Administration Fee	2,971,022		3,164,032		193,010
Bond Interest	1,304,695		1,569,922		265,227
Developer Interest	559,922				(559,922)
Capital Improvements	2,878,980		5,530,667		2,651,687
Total expenses	\$ 7,955,729	\$	10,538,788	\$	2,583,059
Changes in Net Position	\$ 9,418,086	\$	7,635,837	\$	1,782,249
Beginning Net Position	 (33,140,878)		(40,776,715)		7,635,837
Ending Net Position	\$ (23,722,792)	\$	(33,140,878)	\$	9,418,086

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Authority has three governmental funds, which are the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances totaling \$31,997,545, a decrease of \$2,035,238 from the prior year.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of the Authority did not amend the budget during the current fiscal year. Actual net change in fund balance was \$24,241,361 less than budgeted primarily due to the Authority budgeting for proceeds from the issuance of bonds and the receipt of grants which did not occur.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS

In the current fiscal year, the Authority transferred \$2,878,980 to the City of Houston related to capital expenditures. These capital expenditures are related to public works improvements. In accordance with Section VIII of the Tri-Party Agreement between the City of Houston, Reinvestment Zone Number Seventeen, City of Houston, Texas and the Authority, it states: "all utilities, drainage facilities, public street improvements, sidewalks and light fixtures shall be conveyed to the City." Therefore, any current year expenditures related to such improvements are not recorded as assets of the Authority.

Additionally, the Authority is holding title to certain land associated with the detention basin and W-140 bridge improvements. This project has been completed but has not been accepted by the City as of fiscal year end. These land costs amount to 6,971,378 at June 30, 2022.

LONG -TERM DEBT AND RELATED LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority owes \$13,763,746 to LIPEX Properties LP for capital improvements. This amount is reimbursable from approved bond proceeds or other lawfully available funds.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had total bond debt payable of \$44,525,000. This debt is secured with future tax increment contract revenue.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Memorial City Redevelopment Authority, c/o Hawes Hill and Associates, LLP, Zone Administrator, P.O. Box 22167, Houston, TX 77227-2167.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 20,608	\$	\$	\$ 20,608	\$	\$ 20,608
Investments	21,177,791	7,367,154	5,661,693	34,206,638		34,206,638
Other Receivables	520			520		520
Prepaid bond insurance, net					226,678	226,678
Land					6,971,378	6,971,378
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 21,198,919	\$ 7,367,154	\$ 5,661,693	\$ 34,227,766	7,198,056	41,425,822
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,230,221	\$	\$	\$ 2,230,221	\$	\$ 2,230,221
Accrued Interest Payable	· -,	•	Ť	+ -,,	602,008	602,008
Due To Developer					13,763,746	13,763,746
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year					5,660,000	5,660,000
Due After One Year					42,892,639	42,892,639
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,230,221	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 2,230,221	\$ 62,918,393	\$ 65,148,614
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$	\$ 7,367,154	\$ 5,661,693	\$ 13,028,847	\$ (13,028,847)	
Unassigned	18,968,698	\$ 7,507,154	\$ 5,001,075	18,968,698	(18,968,698)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 18,968,698	\$ 7,367,154	\$ 5,661,693	\$ 31,997,545	\$ (31,997,545)	
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 21,198,919	\$ 7,367,154	\$ 5,661,693	\$ 34,227,766		
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Ass	sets				\$ 6,971,378	\$ 6,971,378
Restricted					12,426,839	12,426,839
Unrestricted					(43,121,009)	(43,121,009)
Total Net Position					\$ (23,722,792)	\$ (23,722,792)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 31,997,545
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> are different because:	
Prepaid bond insurance is recorded as an expenditure at the fund level, but is recorded as a prepaid asset and amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds in the government wide statements.	226,678
Land used in governmental activities is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported as an asset in governmental funds.	6,971,378
Amounts due to a developer for the acquisition of land is recorded as a liability in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .	(13,763,746)
Some liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> .	
Bonds payable Accrued interest on bonds payable	(48,552,639) (602,008)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (23,722,792)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

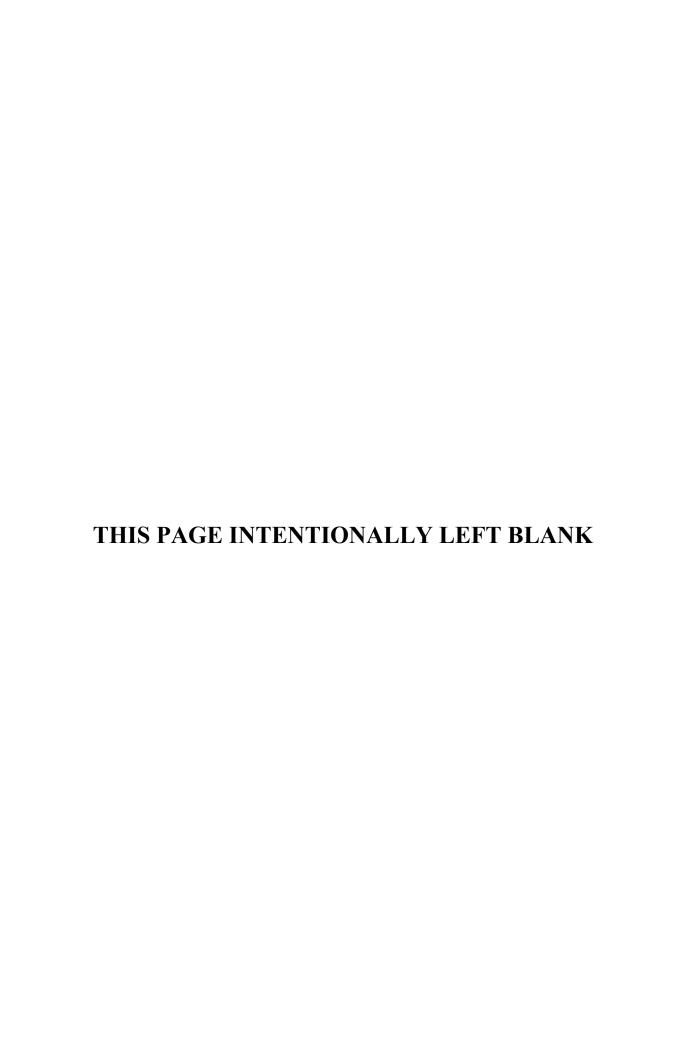
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
REVENUES						
Tax Increment	\$ 9,971,452	\$ 7,363,049	\$	\$ 17,334,501	\$	\$ 17,334,501
Interest and Other	26,888	833	11,593	39,314		39,314
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 9,998,340	\$ 7,363,882	\$ 11,593	\$ 17,373,815	\$ -0-	\$ 17,373,815
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES						
Service Operations						
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 102,000	\$	\$	\$ 102,000	\$	\$ 102,000
Professional Services	113,097			113,097		113,097
Contracted Services	16,043			16,043		16,043
Insurance Cost	1,378			1,378		1,378
Other	8,592			8,592		8,592
Administration Fees	2,971,022			2,971,022		2,971,022
Capital Improvement	2,878,980			2,878,980		2,878,980
Developer Reimbursement			6,026,919	6,026,919	(6,026,919)	
Debt Service:						
Principal		5,360,000		5,360,000	(5,360,000)	
Interest		1,931,022		1,931,022	(626,327)	1,304,695
Developer Reimbursement Interest		0	0	-	559,922	559,922
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENS ES	\$ 6,091,112	\$ 7,291,022	\$ 6,026,919	\$ 19,409,053	\$(11,453,324)	\$ 7,955,729
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,907,228	\$ 72,860	\$ (6,015,326)	\$ (2,035,238)	\$ 11,453,324	\$ 9,418,086
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Internal Transfers	\$ 787,684	\$ -0-	\$ (787,684)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,694,912	\$ 72,860	\$ (6,803,010)	\$ (2,035,238)	\$ 2,035,238	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					9,418,086	9,418,086
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -						
JULY 1, 2021	14,273,786	7,294,294	12,464,703	34,032,783	(67,173,661)	(33,140,878)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -						
JUNE 30, 2022	\$ 18,968,698	\$ 7,367,154	\$ 5,661,693	\$ 31,997,545	\$(55,720,337)	\$ (23,722,792)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (2,035,238)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> are different because:		
Governmental funds report developer reimbursements as expenditures.		
Howeverm in the Statement of Net Position, developer payments are reported as a decrease in Due to Developer.		6,026,919
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal uses current financial resources. However, neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Other elements of debt financing are reported differently between the fund and government wide statements.		
Principal payments	\$ 5,360,000	
Developer Interest Accrued interest	 (559,922) 626,327	 5,426,405

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 9,418,086



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. CREATION OF CORPORATION

The City of Houston, Texas (the "City") authorized the creation of the Memorial City Redevelopment Authority (the "Authority") by the Resolution No. 2002-0026 passed on August 14, 2002. The Authority was created and organized as a local government corporation pursuant to provisions of Subchapter D of Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Authority is organized as a public nonprofit corporation for the purpose of aiding, assisting, and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental function to promote the common good and general welfare of Reinvestment Zone Number Seventeen, City of Houston, Texas (the "Zone") and neighboring areas in the preparation and implementation of a project plan and a reinvestment zone financing plan for the Zone; in the development of a policy to finance development and redevelopment of properties in the Memorial City area; and in the development and implementation of a redevelopment policy for the Memorial City area, including the acquisition of land for redevelopment purposes; in the development and implementation of a policy for improving vehicular and pedestrian circulation in the Memorial City area including the acquisition of street rights-of-way. The Authority may issue bonds with consent of City Council. The Authority is managed by a Board of Directors consisting of up to seven members who are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of City Council. The Authority held its first meeting on November 22, 2002.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not a given entity is a component unit. The criteria are: (1) is the potential component unit a legally separate entity, (2) does the primary government appoint a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, (3) is the primary government able to impose its will on the potential component unit, (4) is there a financial benefit or burden relationship. The Authority was created as an instrumentality of the City of Houston (the "City"). The Authority does meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the City. Copies of the financial statements for the City may be obtained from the City Secretary's office.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which includes a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consist of assets that do not meet the definition of "Restricted" or "Net Investment in Capital Assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Authority as a whole. The Authority's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The Authority is viewed as a special purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the Authority's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Governmental Funds

The Authority has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority and accounts for all resources of the Authority not accounted for in another fund. The principal source of revenue is tax increment collections and expenditures are primarily for operations. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of interest and principal on the Authority's long-term debt. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds of tax increment debt and the corresponding expenditures primarily consisting of construction projects.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Authority considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectable within sixty (60) days after year-end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. The Authority uses the full accrual basis of accounting for the government wide statements.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Balances

The Authority's governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Authority does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally required. The Authority's restricted fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Fund and tax increment receipts in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The Authority does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Authority has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Authority considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Cash

The Authority's cash consist of amounts in demand deposits.

Investments

Investments consist of amounts in the TexPool and TexSTAR.

Debt Service

Tax increment contract revenue is pledged for debt service on bond obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Due to and from other funds

Interfund receivable and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are, for the most part, eliminated from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and are recorded as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Budgeting

In compliance with the Tri-Party Agreement (See Note 4), the Authority's board members adopted an unappropriated budget for the combined governmental funds of the Authority for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The budget was submitted and approved by the City. The Authority used this budget during the current year.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes. Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the Authority of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the Authority, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. As of June 30, 202, none of the Authority's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Deposits (continued)

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2022, as listed below:

	Cash
Total Deposits - General Fund	\$ 20,608

Investments

Under Texas statute, the Authority is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all Authority funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the Authority's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. Authority's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest Authority funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

The Authority is authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The Authority's adopted investment policy allows it to invest in any of the above listed investments, except items 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

For fiscal year 2022, the Authority invested in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool ("TexPool") and the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program ("TexSTAR").

TexPool has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act and is overseen by the Comptroller of Public Accounts (the "Comptroller"). The Comptroller is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (the "Trust Company"), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. ("Federated"), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. State Street Bank serves as custodian to TexPool. The primary objectives of TexPool are preservation and safety of principal, liquidity and yield. TexPool will only invest in investments that authorized under both the Public Funds Investment Act and the TexPool Investment Policy.

As permitted by GAAP, TexPool uses amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to compute share price and seeks to maintain a constant dollar value per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the Authority's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Investments in TexPool may be withdrawn on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 3:30 p.m.

TexSTAR has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act and is administered by J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. ("JPMIM") and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. ("FSAM"). JPMIM provides investment services, and FSAM provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. The primary objectives of TexSTAR are, in order of priority, preservation and protection of principal, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet Participant's needs, diversification to avoid unreasonable or avoidable risks, and yield. TexSTAR will only invest in investments that are authorized under both the Public Funds Investment Act and the current TexSTAR Investment Policy.

The Authority's investment in TexSTAR is reported at fair value because TexSTAR uses fair value to report investments. The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value as follows: Level 1 inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets, Level 2 inputs are based on significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are based on significant unobservable inputs. The Authority's investment in TexSTAR is measured using published fair value per share (level 1 inputs).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

Investments in TexSTAR may be withdrawn via wire transfer on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 4 p.m. ACH withdrawals made by 4 p.m. will settle on the next business day.

As of June 30, 2022, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

Type		Maturities in Years					
	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10		
TexPool	\$ 7,770,710	\$ 7,770,710	\$	\$	\$		
TexSTAR	26,435,928	26,435,928		<u> </u>			
Total	\$34,206,638	\$34,206,638	\$	\$	\$		

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2022, the Authority's investments in both TexPool and TexSTAR were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's. The 'AAAm' rating indicates an extremely strong capacity to maintain principal stability and to limit exposure to principal losses due to credit, market, and/or liquidity risks. 'AAAm' is the highest principal stability rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority considers the investments in TexPool and TexSTAR to have maturities of less than one year due to the fact the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the Authority, unless there has been a significant change in value.

Restrictions

All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of debt service and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for financing the costs of public improvements as authorized in the Project Plan and described in the Authority's capital improvement program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4. TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT

On November 22, 2002, the Authority and on December 11, 2002, the City of Houston, Texas in accordance with Ordinance No. 2002-1145 executed a Tri-Party Agreement between the City of Houston, Texas, the Zone and the Authority. The Tri-Party Agreement states in detail the scope of services to be provided to the Zone by the Authority. The services include management and administrative service for the Zone, as requested by the Zone Board, services with respect to the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan (the "Plan"), including enlarging the zone and amendments to the project plan and financing plan, and services with respect to the special tax rolls pertaining to the Zone, including analysis and coordination with taxing units. The Authority is also required to assist the Zone Board in establishing a program to increase the level of safety within the Zone, preparing development plans, establishing a marketing and public relations program, planning and design and construction of infrastructure improvements and land acquisition in the Memorial City area.

The Tri-Party Agreement also provides for the Authority to issue bonds and notes, enter into obligations with developers or builders, and enter into contracts with consultants, to be repaid from Contract Tax Increments. All bonds must be approved by City Council of the City of Houston and the Director of the Finance Department of the City of Houston must approve all development agreements. This Agreement shall end upon termination of the Zone.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the City and the Zone have agreed to pay the Authority not later than the first business day of each July in which a current approved budget is in effect for the Authority, all monies available in the Tax Increment Fund, less (a) certain tax increments constituting educational facilities project costs to be paid to the Spring Branch Independent School District (if any), and (b) a reserve of up to five percent of the monies then available in the Tax Increment Fund for administrative costs of the City. Currently, no monies are owed or are being paid to the Spring Branch Independent School District. Notwithstanding the above, in the event the Authority's budget is not approved by the thirtieth (30th) day before the date of a principal and interest payment on the Authority's bonds or notes, the City shall pay from available funds sufficient monies to the Authority to allow for meeting the Authority's debt service obligations.

The Tri-Party Agreement allows the City to recover the costs of municipal services pursuant to the Agreement among the City, the Authority, and the TIRZ.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5. TAX INCREMENTS

The City of Houston, Texas has agreed to deposit their tax increments into the Tax Increment Fund established by the Zone (See Note 6).

The amount of a Participant's tax increment for a year is the amount of property taxes levied and collected by the Participant for that year on the Captured Appraised Value of real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone. The Captured Appraised Value of real property taxable by a Participant for a year is the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone for that year less the Tax Increment Base, which is the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the Participant and located in the Zone on January 1 of the year in which the Zone was designated as such under the Tax Increment Financing Act (the "TIF Act"). In the event property is annexed into the Zone by ordinance of the City, the Tax Increment Base for annexed property is the value of all real property taxable by a Participant and located in the annexed area on January 1 of the year of annexation. No Participant is required to deposit tax increments derived from property annexed into the Zone unless the Participant has agreed to do so.

Each Participant is required to collect taxes on property located within the Zone in the same manner as other taxes are collected. The Participant is required to pay into the tax increment fund the collected tax increments by no later than the 90th day after the delinquency date for the Participant's property taxes.

NOTE 6. CITY OF HOUSTON TAX INCREMENTS

Pursuant to City Ordinance No. 1999-759, the City and the Zone have established the Tax Increment Fund, a separate fund in the City Treasury into which tax increments have and will be deposited.

On June 16, 2022, tax increments relating to fiscal year 2022 of \$17,334,501 were collected by the trustee from the City of Houston. The City of Houston withheld \$866,725 to cover administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7. TRANSFER TO THE CITY OF HOUSTON

During the current fiscal year, the Authority recorded capital improvements of \$2,878,980 for capital assets transferred to the City. This transfer is related to capital improvements made by the Authority to City facilities. The Authority finances these facilities for the benefit of the City. Any capital assets the Authority purchases related to public improvements and facilities have been conveyed to the City of Houston. See page 31 for information on current year capital improvement expenditures. The Authority is holding title to certain land associated with the detention basin and W-140 bridge improvements. These land costs amount to \$6,971,378 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 8. DUE TO DEVELOPERS

The Authority has entered into development agreements with T&C Way Partners, LLC and LIPEX Properties, L.P. ("Developers") for the financing of the land for public improvements, the construction of certain facilities, and other costs. Under the agreements, the developers will advance funds for the acquisition of land, construction of facilities, and other costs associated with public improvements in the project area. The developers will be reimbursed from available tax increment in the project area.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in amounts due to developers.

Due to developers, beginning of year	\$ 19,230,743
Developer Interest	559,922
Developer reimbursements	(6,026,919)
Due to developers, end of year	\$ 13,763,746

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and notes payable:					
Tax Increment Contract Bonds	\$49,885,000	\$	\$ (5,360,000)	\$44,525,000	\$ 5,660,000
Deferred amount for bond premium	4,603,016		(575,377)	4,027,639	
Bonds payable, end of year	\$54,488,016	\$	\$ (5,935,377)	\$48,552,639	\$ 5,660,000
·					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

On April 27, 2021, the Authority's Board of Directors authorized the issuance of bonds and notes by the Authority in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$90,000,000 outstanding at any one time.

The terms of the current debt obligations are as follows:

	Original		Interest	Debt
Series	Issue	Matures	Rate (%)	Outstanding
Governmental Activities:				
Tax Increment Contract Bonds				
Tax Increment Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 17,955,000	9/1/27	2.41%	\$ 16,225,000
Tax Increment Contract Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	\$ 37,400,000	9/1/28	5.00%	28,300,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 44,525,000

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity tax increment contract revenue bonds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	5,660,000	\$	1,703,049	\$	7,363,049		
2024		5,870,000		1,492,823		7,362,823		
2025		6,095,000		1,273,664		7,368,664		
2026		6,315,000		1,045,323		7,360,323		
2027		6,555,000		807,359		7,362,359		
2028		6,845,000		522,540		7,367,540		
2029		7,185,000		179,625		7,364,625		
	\$	44,525,000	\$	7,024,383	\$	51,549,383		

See pages 34 through 36 for debt service schedules on each bond series outstanding as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an operating transfer is summarized as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amounts	Purpose
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ (787,684)	Capital improvements

MEMORIAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11. ADVANCED FUNDING AGREEMENTS WITH THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

On August 15, 2017, the Authority entered into an Advanced Funding Agreement (the "Agreement") with the State of Texas through Texas Department of Transportation ("State") for funding the reconstruction of Gessner Road from Long Point to Interstate Highway 10, including drainage improvements and sidewalk construction. The Authority approved entering into this Agreement by resolution dated January 23, 2017 and will be effective until the project is completed or otherwise terminated.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the Authority made an initial payment of \$14,000 to the State. At least sixty (60) days prior to the date set for receipt of the construction bids, the Authority was obligated to remit its remaining financial share for their estimated construction costs. The Authority is responsible for 100% of the costs after the federal funding reaches the maximum obligated amount. During a prior year, the project was accepted, and the Authority remitted \$12,425,043 to the State, which included the Authority's remaining share of \$5,218,545 in addition to \$7,206,498, the excess of federal funding.

After the project is completed, the State will perform an audit of the costs to determine any liability or amounts due back. Any amounts due back will be applied to other advanced funding agreements between the parties. The State is responsible for the performance of architectural and engineering services and advertise for bids, award and administer the contract for construction of the project. The Authority is responsible for the adjustment, removal or relocation of utility facilities before the scheduled beginning of construction. The Authority will also be responsible for the maintenance of locally owned roads after completion.

The Authority also entered into an advanced funding agreement with the State for funding the reconstruction of the roadway including drainage, access management and bicycle/pedestrian accommodations on Memorial Drive from Beltway 8 to Tallowood Road. The Authority approved entering into this agreement by resolution dated December 5, 2017 and will be effective until the project is completed or otherwise terminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11. ADVANCED FUNDING AGREEMENTS WITH THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (continued)

The Authority is responsible to make an initial payment of \$16,000 to the State and another \$160,000 before construction begins. At least sixty (60) days prior to the date set for receipt of the construction bids, the Authority shall remit its remaining financial share for their estimated construction costs. The Authority will be responsible for 100% of the costs after the federal funding reaches the maximum obligated amount. As with the other previously entered Advanced Funding Agreement, the State and Authority will be assigned the same duties. During the prior year, the project was bid and awarded, and the Authority remitted \$10,682,909 to the State for its share of the project. This amount exceeded initial estimates due to the project inclusion of items that were not eligible for Federal reimbursement.

NOTE 12. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT WITH THE CITY OF BUNKER HILL VILLAGE

On March 27, 2018, the Authority approved an Interlocal Agreement with City of Bunker Hill Village ("City"), for a term of 60 months or until completion, for the reconstruction of signalization, paving, sidewalks, landscaping and sub-surface utilities, along Memorial Drive ("Project"). The City has been designated as the project sponsor, who will submit grant applications, enter agreements, contracting with engineers, and other related duties to leading the construction of the project. The Houston-Galveston Area Council funding grant application of the project will reflect an approximate ratio of 76% federal funding and 24% local funding. The parties will share the 20% local match commitment for the Project based upon each entities proportion share of the final engineering costs estimates prepared for the grant application. The current estimates reflect \$12,677,344 (64.02%) of the Authority portion of the project and \$7,123,286 for the City portion of the Project for a total of \$19,800,630. The parties in the agreement also agree to a program management firm to provide support for duties associated with project sponsors, with the Authority expected to pay \$138,500 for that management support.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

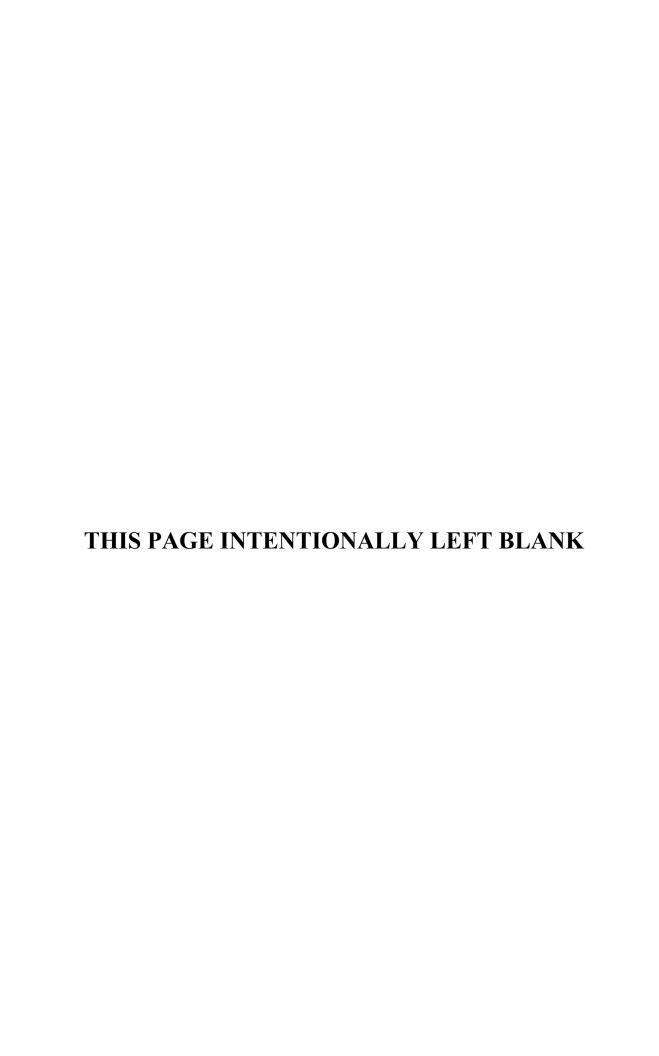
The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Authority participates along with 2,800 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The Authority has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Tax Increment	\$	17,668,650	\$	17,334,501	\$	(334,149)
Interest and Other		400,000		39,314		(360,686)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	18,068,650	\$	17,373,815	\$	(694,835)
EXPENDITURES/EXPENS ES						
Maintenance and Operations	\$	268,120	\$	241,110	\$	27,010
Capital Outlay		4,984,387		2,878,980		2,105,407
Developer Reimbursement		19,266,570		6,026,919		13,239,651
Municipal Services		2,256,619		2,104,297		152,322
Administration Fees		883,433		866,725		16,708
Debt Service:						
Principal		5,360,000		5,360,000		
Interest		2,754,546		1,931,022		823,524
Debt Issuance Costs		1,515,427				1,515,427
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	37,289,102	\$	19,409,053	\$	17,880,049
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(19,220,452)	\$	(2,035,238)	\$	17,185,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from grants	\$	1,724,123	\$		\$	(1,724,123)
Proceeds from the Sale of Contract Revenue Bonds		39,702,452				(39,702,452)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	\$	41,426,575	\$	- 0 -	\$	(41,426,575)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	22,206,123	\$	(2,035,238)	\$	(24,241,361)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2021		34,032,783		34,032,783		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2022	\$	56,238,906	\$	31,997,545	\$	(24,241,361)



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
REQUIRED BY CITY OF HOUSTON
JUNE 30, 2022

OPERATING EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Category Vendor		Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)	
ADMINISTRATION AND OV	ERHEAD				
Management Consultant	Hawes Hill & Associates LLP	\$ 108,120	\$ 102,000	\$ 6,120	
Administrative Operating					
Property Account Consultant	Equi-tax, Inc./Masterson Advisors	7,500	34,974	(27,474)	
Accounting/Audit					
Accounting	ETI Accounting Services	15,000	16,043	(1,043)	
Auditor	McGrath & Co. PLLC &	11,250	11,250		
	McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	15,250	11,750	3,500	
Insurance	Texas Municipal League	1,000	1,378	(378)	
Other			8,592	(8,592)	
Subtotal		158,120	185,987	(27,867)	
PROGRAM AND PROJECT C	ONSIILTANTS				
Legal-General Counsel	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson, LLP	50,000	16,124	33,876	
Engineering Consultants	The Goodman Corporation	60,000	30,072	29,928	
Engineering consumum	Gauge Engineering	00,000	8,927	(8,927)	
Subtotal	Sungo Engineering	110,000	55,123	54,877	
TOTAL MANAGEMENT COM	SULTING SERVICES	268,120	241,110	27,010	
City Administration Fees	City of Houston	883,433	866,725	16,708	
Municipal Services Fees	City of Houston	2,256,619	2,104,297	152,322	
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal		5,360,000	5,360,000		
Interest		2,754,546	1,931,022	823,524	
Debt Issuance Costs		1,515,427		1,515,427	
Subtotal		9,629,973	7,291,022	2,338,951	
Total Operating Expenditures		\$13,038,145	\$ 10,503,154	\$ 2,534,991	

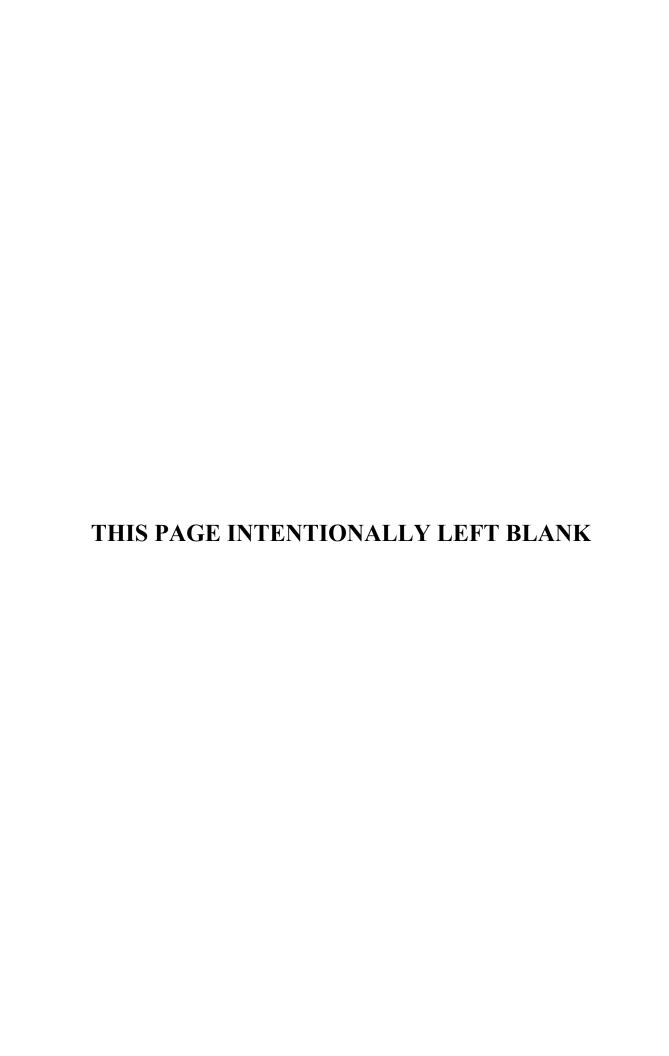
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Project	Vendor	Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
Project T-1725: Park and Gre	een Space Improvements			
Design Construction		\$ 25,000 100,000	\$	\$ 25,000 100,000
Project T-1732A: N. Gessner Engineering/Design Services	Drainage and Mobility Improvement, I-1 Gauge Engineering	10 to Longpoint 46,000	1,025	44,975
Project T-1734: W140 Chann Construction	el Improvements with Bridge and Staws Reytec Construction Resources, Inc	318,464	115,642	202,822
Project T-1735: Detention Ba	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP/ City of Houston	3,580,000	2,126,015	1,453,985
Project T-1738A: Memorial I Improvement - Phase 1	Drive - Drainage and Mobility			
Engineering/Design Services	Gauge Engineering/ JP Morgan Chase/Wheatly Investment/ Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP/ SWA Group	378,529	173,926	204,603
Project T-1738B: Memorial I Improvement - Phase 2	Prive - Drainage and Mobility			
Engineering/Design Services Planning	Gauge Engineering The Goodman Corporation	200,000 50,000	248,486 9,660	(48,486) 40,340
Project T-1799: Concrete Par Other	nel Replace Program	60,000		60,000
Project T-1741: W140 Detent Engineering/Design Services	Gauge Engineering/ The Goodman Corporation	226,394	204,226	22,168
Total Capital Expenditures		\$ 4,984,387	\$ 2,878,980	\$ 2,105,407

MEMORIAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PROJECT PLAN RECONCILIATION

AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Project Plan Estimated Amount	Cumulative Expenditures as of the Fiscal Year Ended 2022	 iance Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects:			
Roadway and Sidewalk Improvements	\$ 53,429,681	\$ 39,733,413	\$ 13,696,268
Public Utility Improvements	120,856,453	98,004,710	22,851,743
Park and Recreational Facilities	11,889,119	382,265	11,506,854
Total Capital Projects Costs	\$ 186,175,253	\$ 138,120,388	\$ 48,054,865
Financing Costs	25,000,000	51,968,035	(26,968,035)
Creation and Administration Costs	5,952,851	9,305,483	(3,352,632)
Total Project Plan	\$ 217,128,104	\$ 199,393,906	\$ 17,734,198



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2022

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS SERIES - 2016

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2023	\$ 2,975,000	\$ 355,174	\$ 3,330,174
2024	3,050,000	282,573	3,332,573
2025	3,125,000	208,164	3,333,164
2026	3,200,000	131,948	3,331,948
2027	3,270,000	53,984	3,323,984
2028	605,000	7,290	612,290
TOTAL	\$ 16,225,000	\$ 1,039,133	\$ 17,264,133

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

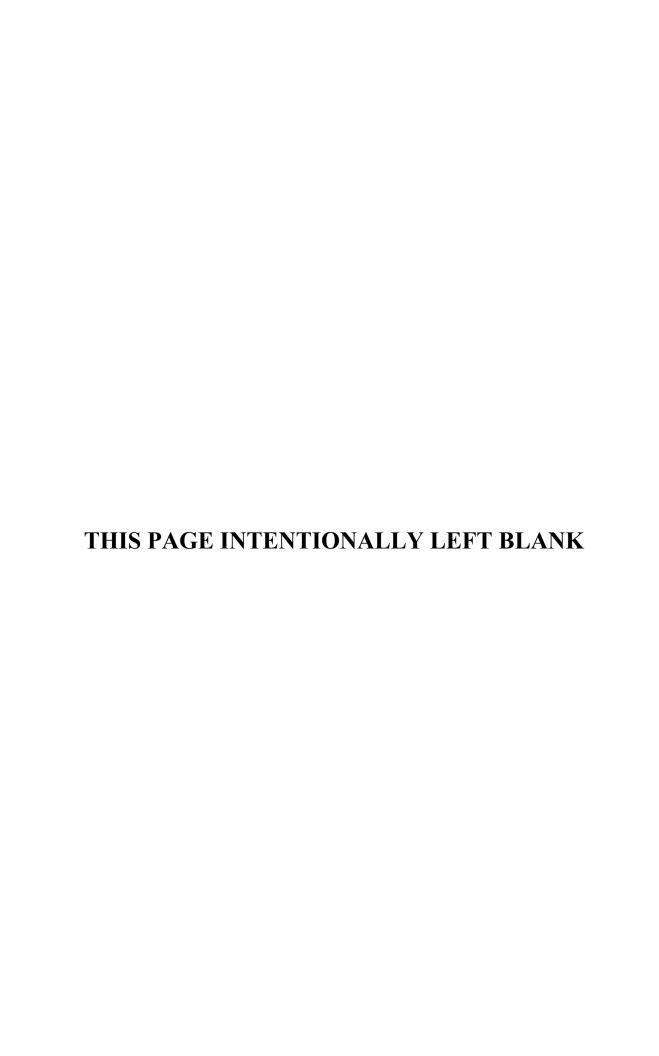
TAX INCREMENT CONTRACT REVENUE AND REFUNDING BONDS SERIES - 2019

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2023	\$ 2,685,000	\$ 1,347,875	\$ 4,032,875
2024	2,820,000	1,210,250	4,030,250
2025	2,970,000	1,065,500	4,035,500
2026	3,115,000	913,375	4,028,375
2027	3,285,000	753,375	4,038,375
2028	6,240,000	515,250	6,755,250
2029	7,185,000	179,625	7,364,625
TOTAL	\$ 28,300,000	\$ 5,985,250	\$ 34,285,250

LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, BY YEARS AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL S ERIES

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Tot	al Principal Due	Tot	tal Interest Due	Total rincipal and nterest Due
2023	\$	5,660,000	\$	1,703,049	\$ 7,363,049
2024		5,870,000		1,492,823	7,362,823
2025		6,095,000		1,273,664	7,368,664
2026		6,315,000		1,045,323	7,360,323
2027		6,555,000		807,359	7,362,359
2028		6,845,000		522,540	7,367,540
2029		7,185,000		179,625	7,364,625
TOTAL	\$	44,525,000	\$	7,024,383	\$ 51,549,383



BOARD MEMBERS AND CONSULTANTS JUNE 30, 2022

Authority Mailing Address - Memorial City Redevelopment Authority P.O. Box 22167
Houston, TX 77227-2167

Authority Telephone Number - 713-595-1200

Board Members	Position
Andy Iversen – Director	1
John Rickel – Vice Chair	2
David P. Durham – Secretary	3
Ann T. Givens – Chair	4
Dr. Zachary R. Hodges – Asst. Secretary	5
Brad Freels – Director	6
Dan Moody III - Director	7